ASviS’s HEALTHCARE GUIDELINES

1. Implement the “health in all policies” principle by incorporating clear objectives within economic and policy planning, especially regarding the reduction of pollution, road traffic and work-related accidents, occupational stress and polluting vehicles, including monitoring of the results.

2. Define precise objectives for the implementation of the Essential Levels of Care and measure their achievement with specific indicators, especially regarding access to and waiting times for innovative new-generation services and medicines, as well as support for disabled and dependent people, home care, vaccines, screening, continuity of care, care in the community and primary care.

3. Step up efforts relating to prevention and measurement of progress, especially regarding lifestyle (nutrition, smoking, alcohol, physical activity) and natural disasters.

4. Step up efforts relating to medicine for the poor and preventive support and care for the poor, foreigners in difficulty, elderly people living on their own, and prisoners, including measurement of progress made.

5. Combat waste and reduce abuse of inappropriate drugs and services, especially antibiotics, aesthetic medicine and homeopathy; introduce stringent suitability criteria for public facilities and basic medicine, and measure the results with specific indicators; provide managers with transparent and efficient management training.

6. Increase the provision of correct information and health education and combat false and biased information via schools, sports facilities and mass communication.

7. Combat inequalities, ensure that the healthcare offering is balanced and of similar quality in all areas of Italy, promote high-quality clinical networks, and measure progress with specific indicators.

8. Step up investment in research and innovation, promote the development of biomedical research, life sciences and digital healthcare, and measure the increases with indicators.

9. Agree on a National Plan for integrated local social and health care, taking care of people and families in need, combating loneliness and depression, and developing community forms of local support for vulnerable areas, and better organisation of urban life.

10. Enhance the role played by the private social sector in health and healthcare, avoiding duplication and overlap, promoting the integration of functions and services, agreeing on common guidelines and developing experimental public-private partnerships.